

# Math 456: Topology and Its Applications

## Homework 8

Due Monday, November 6th

1. Consider the following filtration of simplicial complexes with the canonical inclusion maps.

$$S_1 = ([4], \{12, 14, 23, 34\}) \hookrightarrow S_2 = ([4], \{12, 14, 23, 34, 24\}) \hookrightarrow S_3 = ([4], \{12, 14, 234\})$$

- (a) Write down a basis for  $H_1(S_1)$  and  $H_1(S_3)$ , and *three* different bases for  $H_1(S_2)$ .
  - (b) Using these three choices of basis, write down matrices for the induced maps  $(\iota_{1,2})_1$  and  $(\iota_{2,3})_1$  on  $H_1$ . Check that the composition is the same no matter which choice of basis you make.
  - (c) Discuss the complexity that arises in describing “which” cycle from  $S_2$  becomes the generator in  $S_3$ .
2. Let  $D_1 = \{(1, 2), (1, 4), (2, 3), (3, 4)\}$  and  $D_2 = \{(1, 3), (2, 3), (2, 4)\}$  be persistence diagrams.
    - (a) Compute the bottleneck distance  $d_B(D_1, D_2)$ .
    - (b) Draw the persistence landscapes  $\Lambda(D_1)$  and  $\Lambda(D_2)$ .
    - (c) Draw the mean persistence landscape  $\frac{1}{2}(\Lambda(D_1) + \Lambda(D_2))$ .
  3. Write a Julia function which samples points uniformly at random from the sphere  $S^2$  by selecting an ordered pair of points from the normal distribution and then normalizing them to length 1.
    - (a) Use this function to sample a list of 50 points and have Eirene compute the persistent homology in dimensions 0, 1, and 2 for the sample. Plot the persistence diagrams, barcodes and Betti curves in each dimension. Plot the generator for the long-lifetime class in dimension 2.
    - (b) Take 50 samples each of 30 points, 60 points and 100 points from the sphere, and compute persistent homology in dimensions 0, 1 and 2 for each sample. On the same axis, plot the average Betti curves for each set of samples. What do you observe?